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# Purchase Order Graphical Output (POGO)

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Prepared by Sandia National Laboratories Albuquerque, New Mexico 87185 and Livermore, California 94550 for the United States Department of Energy under Contract DE-AC04-76DP00789

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#### PURCHASE ORDER GRAPHICAL OUTPUT (POGO)

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#### ABSTRACT

The Purchase Order Graphical Output (POGO) system was created to provide up-to-date financial reporting and accounting of Direct Charge (D.C.) purchases, including emergency orders and excluding shop and plant expenditures, and to provide improved summaries in the form of bar charts, monthly plots, and tabular listings.

The budget and committed amounts can be kept up to date by entering purchase requisitions and budget changes on a daily basis. The money actually costed will be out of date by the amount of time required by SNLA financial accounting to make payouts, enter them into the computer, then transfer the data to SNLL.

The graphics are done through the 'TELL-A-GRAF' facility. Thus, the user has the flexibility to alter the format or text of a plot to suit individual needs. Furthermore, report quality reproductions are easily obtained.

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#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

#### I. Programs and Files

The POGO system, illustrated in Figure 1, is initialized by creating support files ROSTER.LIS and ACCOUNT.LIS. Program 'INPUT' reads these files then opens a PURCHASE.LIS file into which the user enters purchases. An ACCOUNT.ERR file is written if there are accounts (case and division) in PURCHASE.LIS which do not appear in ACCOUNT.LIS. PURCHASE.TMP is a user requested backup file.

Program 'STRIP' reads an SNLA purchase file and accepts only those purchases whose charging organization matches one of the charging organizations in the account file, then writes the purchases sorted by purchase order number into file COSTING.DAT. (The MONTH.COM file written by 'STRIP' is a command file that can be used for the subsequent month's costing.)

Program 'COSTING' matches the purchases in COSTING.DAT to those in the PURCHASE.LIS file, enters the monthly costing data into the main data file and writes a new version of PURCHASE.LIS. The X.INP file contains purchases from the SNLA data that were not in the SNLL data and X.COS contains SNLL purchases that were not in the SNLA data.

Program 'REPORT' prepares the data summaries per user specifications and writes data output files for bar graphs, monthly graphs and tabular output. 'REPORT' summarizes committed and costed monies from the PURCHASE.LIS file and the budget monies from the ACCOUNT.LIS file. The output plot files are tailored for 'TELL-A-GRAF'. Figures 2 through 4 illustrate the results.

#### II. File Maintenance

The POGO programs and files of Figure 1 (they are also listed in detail in Appendix A) are protected against user and computer errors. The main data base, PURCHASE.LIS, is checked for errors by every program that uses it and at login and logout. Programs, executable files and important data files are kept in subdirectories to prevent a user from inadvertently deleting them or altering them with the editor.

A problem encountered on the VAX system that may cause trouble is overflow of allocated file space. If a file being written overflows the space, it may be written in a short form. The best prevention is to continuously remove obsolete files from the directory. The POGO system keeps the directories cleared by purging all but the last two versions of all files at logout. Files created by program 'REPORT' are automatically deleted after one month. Journal files are automatically deleted after two weeks. Object files are automatically deleted at logout.



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*** REPO * PURO	ORT CHAS	SE ORDER	ATIONS **	*						
		DATE JP = 8441	CASE NO.	NAME	۷.	ITEM	AMOUNT	BAL.	THIS FY SU	BS FY
		02/12/82				NOT VERIFIE				
		JP = 8442						-		
						UNKNOWN				
92-9298	03	09/25/81	0720.270	CMHINC	RO	UNKNOWN	341.3	-17.1	0.0	0.0
						MONITORING				
92-9407	03	01/12/83	1293.200	JTCARR	RO	MONITORING	102.8	8.7	8.7	0.0
92-9506	01	04/09/82	0720.270	JTCARR	RO	R & D	140.0	10.4	10.4	0.0
92-9544	03	05/13/82	1292.200	EAENGL	RO	NOT VERIFIE	197.9	168.7	168.7	0.0
		[]	BUDGET 22	220.0 ].		TOTALS	1337.1	169.1	169.1	0.0
(	GROU	JP = 8445						-		
92-8578	07	10/20/82	0501,200	HHANSE	RO	NOT VERIFIE	105.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
92-8716	05	06/06/80	0501.200	DRADOL	ΕI	INCREASE FR	137.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
92-8725	08	11/03/82	0852.200	LABROW	RO	TOTAL	157.6	1.6	1.6	0.0
92-8852	02	10/01/80	0440.200	DWPUTZ	RO	CHANGE 2 TO	230.0	12.0	12.0	0.0
92-8930	11	01/03/83	0853.200	LWDERI	RO	NOT VERIFIE	114.5	16.3	16.3	0.0
92-8948	01	12/22/80	0440.200	JLBOLĘ	RO	NOT VERIFIE	294.5	-1.1	0.0	0.0
92-8949	01	12/23/80	0440.200	JLBOLE	RO	NOT VERIFIE	118.7	-3.3	0.0	0.0
92-8951	01	12/23/80	0440.200	DWPUTZ	RO	NOT VERIFIE	114.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
92-9247	00	08/19/81	0501.200	DRADOL	ΕI	NOT VERIFIE	117.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
00 0000	0.11	10/00/01	00F2 000	TUDEDT	20	CO ALL THOD	175 0	77 JI	0.0	0 0

Figure 2. Tabular output from program 'REPORT' showing integrated contractor orders over \$100,000 for each division. The 'name.TAB' file was printed on a Diablo printer. 'V.' is the vendor column and the two 'FY' columns are forecasts. Name, Vendor and Item are shortened in the listing to fit all fields on one line.

[ BUDGET 2068.0 ].....TOTALS.....1939.6 143.1

92-9380 04 12/02/81 0853.200 LWDERI RO CO #4- INCR 175.0 -7.4

92-9409 02 01/25/82 0853.200 LWDERI RO NOT VERIFIE 162.0 28.7 92-9443 04 05/14/82 1292.200 DRADOL RO NOT VERIFIE 212.5 96.3

13

0.0

0.0

82.0

82.0

0.0

28.7

14.3

¢.

61.1



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Figure 3. Ear plot showing spent, committed, and costed information for each division. (Copy obtained from a film plot)



Figure 4. Monthly plot of DC purchases for the entire department. (Copy obtained from a film plot)

Another possible source of an error is computer down time. If files are lost or mutilated as a result of a computer system failure, the user may recover from a backup tape. This tape must be updated periodically to facilitate recovery in the event of a system failure.

If the PURCHASE.LIS file is manipulated using 'EDT', it may cause a problem since any slight error in the PURCHASE.LIS data base could produce erroneous output. It is strongly recommended that the users never modify PURCHASE.LIS using 'EDT', but rather use the 'INPUT' program.

# III. Login and Logout Error Messages

The LOGIN and LOGOUT procedures check the PURCHASE.LIS file for errors. If an error is found, a message is written on the screen and the backup file [POGO.BACKUP]PURCHASE.BCK (normally written at LOGIN) is not written. First you should check the message for a problem description then act accordingly.

'FILE PURCHASE.LIS CURRENTLY LOCKED BY ANOTHER USER' Do nothing. The error checks are not done in this case.

'ERROR ON PURCHASE.LIS OPEN STATEMENT. CODE = n' This indicates a serious problem. The code number should be looked up in a Fortran manual for further assistance.

'PROCEED BY INITIALIZING A PURCHASE.LIS FILE' No PURCHASE.LIS file was found. Simply proceed if this is the first data entry session. If this message appears after a PURCHASE.LIS file has been made, that requires troubleshooting.

'P.O. nn-nnnn OUT OF ORDER'

Since the programs put purchases in order, the most probable cause of this error is altering the PURCHASE.LIS file with 'EDT'. Since none of the programs will run with out-of-order data, it must be corrected. If this error was caused by 'EDT', the culprit should be warned to prevent future problems.

'RECLASSIFICATION ERROR ON PO= nn-nnnn'

The programs handle reclassification flags internally. Therefore, this also is an error that is most probably caused by someone in the editor. Handle in the same way as PO OUT OF ORDER.

'PURCHASE.LIS SHOULD HAVE n RECORDS CURRENT COUNT IS m RECORDS'

If m is less than n, a short file was probably written. Generally, this problem is cured by deleting the newest version with the following commands:

\$DELETE [POGO.LEDGER]PURCHASE.LIS;i (where i is the highest numbered version) \$PURGE[POGO.LEDGER]PURCHASE.LIS

#### \$PURGE

If someone was running 'INPUT' in prompt mode and the computer quit or 'INPUT' was terminated abnormally and backup files PURCHASE.TMP had been made, the latest backup file may be brought in as the main data file with the following command:

\$COPY [POGO]PURCHASE.TMP [POGO.LEDGER]PURCHASE.LIS

If you can't seem to find a good file, you may go back and pick up the backup file, which will be good, with the following command.

\$COPY [POGO.BACKUP]PURCHASE.BCK [POGO.LEDGER]PURCHASE.LIS

The error can also be caused by someone using 'EDT' on the PURCHASE.LIS data base. IT IS VERY IMPORTANT TO STAY OUT OF THE DATA BASE WITH 'EDT'.

You may check to make sure whatever file you recovered is good by instituting the LOGIN check procedure with the following commands:

\$D \$@LOGIN

IV. Other Applications

Although untested, POGO can be set up to track D.C purchases for case or subcase managers instead of D.C. purchases for department managers and division supervisors. Appendix D explains the changes required.

#### I. Input Procedure

Program 'INPUT' enters purchase orders into the data base and allows viewing of and changes to the data base. The user has a choice of entry methods 'prompt mode' and 'line mode'.

#### Prompt Mode

In prompt mode, by hitting the 'return' key, the user may scroll through the data to view individual purchases. Also in prompt mode program 'INPUT' queries for p.o. number. If the p.o. number is not already in the data base, the user is then prompted for date, division, case, consultant, vendor, item description and contract amount. Each entry is checked for errors before the next prompt. After the information for a p.o. is entered, it is displayed and can be corrected or changed. If there are no changes, the record is entered into the data base and the user is given a choice of entering more data or exiting the program. If he chooses to continue entering data, he can specify whether or not a backup file PURCHASE.TMP is written of the current status of the data This may be a valuable option especially if the computer goes base. down since the work is less likely to be lost if it's backed up. If the p.o. number entered exists in the data base, it is displayed in the upper scrolling window and the user is given the option of adding to the p.o. as in the event of a split case, deleting the p.o., changing any information in the record, reclassifying the order, or returning to the beginning of the program.

#### Line Mode

To use line mode, the user must prepare an input file using the VAX 'EDT' program. Purchases are input with an entry for each of the eight fields, p.o through contract amount, with at least one space or tab between each field. Program INPUT will read the input file, perform the same error checks on each field as prompt mode does and put acceptable purchases into the data base and put erroneous entries with a description of the error into a new version of the input file. The user should correct the errors and resubmit the file into line mode. The error messages are preceeded by three asterisks (\*\*\*) so that the program will ignore these lines when the file is resubmitted. The asterisks also precede input purchases that match p.o. number, case and division of a purchase already in the main data base.

#### II. Reclassification of a Purchase Order

Reclassification of a purchase order cannot be done on purchases that have not entered the SNLA data base; these are indicated in the SNLL data by a plus (+) sign in the third column of the p.o. number. The reason for this is that a purchase that has not reached SNLA can simply

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be changed in the SNLL data base. (The SNLL data base p.o. is changed from a plus status when the p.o. appears on the SNLA costing data. This is handled by program 'COSTING'.)

To reclassify a purchase order, simply respond to the program prompts. When completed, the purchase order will appear at least twice, once with an  $\theta$  symbol in the fifth column of the case number which indicates what SNLA believes is the account to be charged and again with an exclamation point (!) in the fifth column of the case number(s) of the following purchase(s) indicating what SNLL believes is/are the account(s) to be charged.

#### III. Split Accounts

When a purchase order is charged against more than one account (case and division), it must appear in the data base at least once for each account. In prompt mode, the program leads the user through this procedure. In line mode, to enter the same p.o. number more than once, it must be ten characters long which includes the two digit prefix, a dash (-), the four digit suffix, a blank or letter designator in the eighth column, and finally a two digit version number. The rest of the data fields are as previously described.

#### IV. Error Checks

Program 'INPUT' performs numerous error checks on each field of input data to insure that the data base is kept accurate.

The purchase order number is checked for length which can range from seven to ten characters. The third character must be a dash (-) and characters 1, 2, 9, and 10 and 4 to 7 must be digits. The eighth character may be a blank or a letter. The program cannot determine whether or not digits are transposed.

The date must have a slash (/) between digits. The numbers for the dates must be digits or an error message is printed. The numbers for month and day cannot be zero or exceed 12 and 31 respectively. The number for year cannot be zero and cannot be less than the current year minus one or greater that the current year plus one.

The division entry must be four characters long and consist of digits.

The case number must be eight characters long with the fifth character a period (.) and all others digits. Next, the division/case combination must match one of the accounts (division/case) in the account file to pass to the next field.

The consultant (synonyms: requester, originator) can be any length up to ten alpha characters. The entry is compared to the roster file. If there is not a match, the roster is printed and the user may select a name from it. Initials of the consultant may be entered and the program will find the requester(s) with those initials. In the case of more than one person with the same initials, the user must enter enough characters to make the name unique.

Five characters are allowed for the vendor and they can be any character except blank or tab. After a purchase appears in the SNLA data, the first five characters of the vendor listed in the SNLA data are put into the SNLL data file.

The item description can have any characters including blanks up to a maximum of twenty five characters.

The contract amount must be digits and in the case of a no cost purchase, a zero (0) must be entered.

There are error checks on all file output write statements so that if an error occurs (e.g. over running the allocated disc space) the program will delete the file that it was writing when the error occurred and abort with an error message alerting the user.

The input is also error protected and if an error is encountered, a descriptive message is written.

V. Trouble Shooting

There are cases in which the program cannot distinguish between errors and gives the same error message for them.

UNABLE TO PARSE INPUT is written from line mode into the error file when the line of data had insufficient number of fields, too many fields, or no slashes in the date field. There may be others, but these are the most likely.

DATE NOT COMPATIBLE WITH THE JULIAN CALENDAR is written from line mode into the error file when the number for month is greater than 12, the number for day is greater than 31, the number for year is less than the current year minus one or greater than the current year plus one, and when month, day or year are not represented with two digits.

The other error messages are very specific and in most cases the solution is easily implemented.

VI. Input Files (Formats in Appendix B)

[POGO.LEDGER]PURCHASE.LIS	Main data base file.
[POGO.LEDGER]ACCOUNT.LIS	Account file containing budget information.
[POGO]ROSTER.LIS	Personnel roster.
[POGO]name.DAT	Input file for line mode.
VII. Output Files (Formats in Appendix B)	
[POGO.LEDGER]PURCHASE.LIS	New version of main data base file.
[POGO]ACCOUNT.ERR	List of accounts found in PURCHASE.LIS not found in ACCOUNT.LIS.
[POGO]name.dat	Lines of erroneous input data with a message for each line explaining the error written from line mode.
[POGO]PURCHASE.TMP	Temporary backup of PURCHASE.LIS that can be written during work in prompt mode.

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#### PROGRAM STRIP

#### I. Procedure

The financial data obtained from a UNIVAC computer at Sandia Labs in Albuquerque is transferred to Livermore, put into a format that is compatible with the VAX computer, then processed by program 'STRIP'. Acceptable purchases are those which have a charging organization that matches one of the divisions in the ACCOUNT.LIS file and are subsequently written into the COSTING.DAT file in numerical order by purchase order number.

Program 'STRIP' condenses the costing information to conserve file space. 'STRIP' adds together the accrued (ACCR) and paid current fiscal year (PDCFY) fields from the SNLA.DAT file to produce the "PAID CURRENT FISCAL YEAR" field on the COSTING.DAT file. It also adds the next fiscal year forecast (NXTFYF) and subsequent fiscal year forecast (SUBFYF) fields on the SNLA.DAT file to produce the "SUBSEQUENT FISCAL YEAR FORECAST" field in the COSTING.DAT file. Program 'STRIP' carries forward unchanged, the contract amount, remaining balance, current month spent, and current fiscal year forcast. Monthly forecasts are ignored.

If the paid previous fiscal year (PRPRFY) field is greater than or equal to the purchase order amount (POAMNT) field in the SNLA.DAT file, 'STRIP' marks the purchase with a '#' sign in the third character of the p.o. number on the COSTING.DAT file. This indicates that the p.o. was paid off in a previous fiscal year or reclassified.

Finally, 'STRIP' writes a command file for the next months costing procedure which contains the commands to copy SNLA tape data, to run 'STRIP', to run 'COSTING', and to run 'INPUT'.

II. Input Files (Formats in Appendix B)

[POGO]SNLA.DAT	Produced in Albuquerque and copied into the directory.
[POGO.LEDGER]ACCOUNT.LIS	Account file for finding acceptable divisions.

III. Output Files (Formats in Appendix B)

[POGO]COSTING.DAT	Contains updated SNLA financial data.
[POGO]MONTH.COM	Command file for subsequent month costing.

#### I. Costing Procedure

The 'COSTING' program compares purchases in file PURCHASE.LIS to purchases from SNLA in file COSTING.DAT, then adds the SNLA financial information to matching purchase orders in PURCHASE.LIS.

Program 'COSTING' assumes that the SNLA purchase order data is correct and enters it into PURCHASE.LIS. 'COSTING' does not make any change to Purchase Orders on the old PURCHASE.LIS file that do not appear in the SNLA data base.

Purchases are deleted that have been replaced by higher versions of the same purchase order number. Purchases that have been marked with a pound (#) sign in file COSTING.DAT by 'STRIP' are also deleted from PURCHASE.LIS.

Purchases that are on the SNLA data file but are not in the POGO data file are written in an X.INP file in a format that is compatible with the line mode of program 'INPUT'. These purchases should be entered into the PURCHASE.LIS file using 'INPUT', then costed by re-running 'COSTING'. If the SNLA data contains more than one version of a purchase order and the POGO data contains only one version, 'COSTING' adds the missing version(s) to the POGO data automatically without writing it/them on the X.INP file.

Purchases that are in the POGO data base but do not appear in the SNLA data are written into an X.COS file. Typically, these purchases are the new requisitions that have not been entered into the SNLA data base yet.

#### II. Reclassifications

On SNLL logged reclassified orders that use the '@' and '!' signs, 'COSTING' updates the records with '@' symbols to be consistent with the convention that the @ represents information that SNLA is aware of and the ! represents information that SNLL is aware of. 'COSTING' only removes these symbols after the reclassification has been entered into the system and the case and division numbers from the SNLA records for that purchase match the case and division numbers for the purchase in the POGO data base.

In the event that a reclassification is not logged into the POGO PURCHASE.LIS file but is entered into the system and shows up on the SNLA data, 'COSTING' will make the PURCHASE.LIS file agree with the SNLA information. III. New Fiscal Year

The new fiscal year is defined by 'INPUT' in October after the September SNLA data has entered the data base. 'COSTING' then writes the old fiscal year data onto archive files. When the October SNLA data is received in November, 'COSTING' will remove all purchases defined by the tape as PAID PRIOR FISCAL YEAR.

IV. Input Files (Formats in Appendix B)

[POGO]COSTING.DAT	Produced by program STRIP and has the costing data from the SNLA data base.
[POGO.LEDGER]PURCHASE.LIS;n	Current SNLL data base.
[POGO.LEDGER]ACCOUNT.LIS	Only for archiving.
[POGO]ROSTER.LIS	Only for archiving.

V. Output Files (Formats in Appendix B)

[POGO.BACKUP]Rfy.ARC

[POGO.LEDGER]PURCHASE.LIS;n+1 Updated version of current SNLL data base.

[POGO]X.INP	List of purchases in COSTING.DAT that were not in PURCHASE.LIS, written in a format compatible with LINEMODE of program INPUT. Also, includes a listing of purchase requisitions that disappeared from the SNLA data base.
[POGO]X.COS	Listing of purchases in PURCHASE.LIS that were not in COSTING.DAT; written in the same format as COSTING.DAT.
[POGO.BACKUP]Pfy.ARC	Archive file of old PURCHASE.LIS.
[POGO.BACKUP]Afy.ARC	Archive file of old ACCOUNT.LIS.

Archive file of old ROSTER.LIS.

#### PROGRAM REPORT

Program 'REPORT' sorts the purchase order data per user specifications and builds files of tabular listings and instruction files that can be used by program 'TELL-A-GRAF' to produce monthly plots and bar graph summaries of the data. Upon entry into program 'REPORT', the user is given opportunity to specify whether or not plots or tables are desired, after which he is prompted for report specifications.

#### I. Plots

Monthly graphical output has four lines (e.g. Figure 4); one is a heavy dashed line for the budget, (2) a thin chain dashed line with an X at each end indicating SNLL known commitments, (3) a moderate dashed line indicating SNLA knowledge of SNLL commitments and (4) a moderate solid line showing SNLA costing. The last month of the plot shows the SNLA spending forecast for the fiscal year. The bar plot uses a solid bar to indicate the budget, a plaid bar to show SNLL known commitments, and a striped bar to show SNLA costing. The bars are cumulative from the beginning of the fiscal year through the month shown on the right side of the plot and, therefore, correspond to the data for the same month on the monthly plot. On some plots, the budget will show as zero because 'REPORT' only recognises budgets for divisions and/or case numbers.

#### II. Tabular Output

The tabular data shows one purchase per line with po number, date, division, case, consultant, vendor, item description, contract amount, remaining balance, current fiscal year forecast, and subsequent fiscal year forecast. To fit all categories on one line, the consultant name, vendor name and item description are shortened. When grouping on a certain field, that field is not printed to allow more room for the other fields.

Note that the sum of the contract amounts will not necessarily be equal to the sum of the committed amounts since many contracts span fiscal years.

#### III. Report Specifications

At any prompt, the user has a choice of making a selection or, by hitting the return key, passing to the next prompt.

Some prompts include a choice to 'group'. Grouping is taking each entry in a category and listing the purchases which apply under their respective entries. For example, if at the case number prompt the user responded by typing 'group', the result would be a listing of purchases for each case with the case numbers in numerical order. The user may also type in a few case numbers then type 'group' and the result would be the same except that the grouping would be limited to the case numbers that were specified. Thus, a user can get the equivalent of the monthly SNLA printout by entering his division number at the division prompt and typing 'group' at the case number prompt. The user can enter his division number at the division prompt and type 'group' at the requester prompt and look at the purchases that the members of the division have generated. Figure 5 shows this information summarized in a bar chart, Figure 6 shows a tabular listing of some of the data used in the plot and Figure 7 summarizes the procedure to obtain the plot. If a user wants to look at integrated contractor orders, he may specify 92 at the purchase order prompt.

IV. Prompts

Some prompts, like the purchase order prompt, have special features. The purchase order prompt allows a sort on as few or as many characters of a purchase order as are entered. The third column with its special symbols (see User's Guide for symbol interpretation) is included if the two digit prefix and a dash, slash, question mark or plus, is entered. The special symbols are ignored if less than three or more than three characters of a p.o. are entered.

The case number prompt allows the user to enter the first four digits and the period of the case number and the program will sort purchases by the subcases within that case. This will not occur if 'grouping' is specified on a subsequent prompt.

The rest of the prompts, division, month, day, year, requester, item, vendor, and minimum purchase amount have no special features but allow the user to obtain the information desired.

#### V. Exit

The program will loop back to the beginning at the users request and more reports can be obtained. When the program is terminated, a message reminds the user of any plot or tabular files created as a result of running the program.

VI. Input Files (Formats in Appendix A)

[POGO.LEDGER]PURCHASE.LIS

Main data base file.

[POGO.LEDGER]ACCOUNT.LIS

Account file with budget information.

[POGO]ROSTER.LIS

Personnel roster.

[POGO.BACKUP]Pnn.ARC	Archive data base file of previous fiscal year. (nn is the year)
[POGO.BACKUP]Ann.ARC	Archive account file with previous fiscal year budget data. (nn = year)
[POGO.BACKUP]Rnn.ARC	Archive roster file. (nn = year)

VII. Output Files (Formats in Appendix A)

[POGO]name.MON

...

[POGO]name.BAR

[POGO]name.TAB

Monthly plot file. Bar plot file. Tabular copy file



Figure 5. Level of commitment and spending by consultant. To obtain this plot, the TAG data file was edited to put all budget data to zero, to remove negative numbers in committed and spent, and to remove inappropriate names. (Copy obtained from a film plot)

\*\*\*\* DATE = 14-JUL-83 \*\*\*\* \*\*\* REPORT SPECIFICATIONS \*\*\* DIVISION 8441 . . P.O. NO. DATE DIV. CASE NO. V. ITEM AMOUNT BAL. THIS FY SUBS FY ----- GROUP = KWALLY 80-9549A04 04/11/83 8441 0193.200 DF PD POWDER 5.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 80-9549A04 04/11/83 8441 0193.700 DF PD POWDER 5.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 80-9549B02 04/11/83 8441 0193.200 EN PD POWDER 3.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 80-9549802 04/11/83 8441 0193.700 EN PD POWDER 3.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 80-9549C01 05/09/83 8441 0193.200 EN PD POWDER 2.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 80-9549C01 05/09/83 8441 0193.700 EN PD POWDER 2.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 91?3915 00 05/03/83 8441 0193.600 UN \$?=PURCHASE R 10.0 10.0 10.0 0.0 92-0061 00 03/29/83 8441 0033.760 MO FILTER ASSY S 25.0 21.0 21.0 0.0 92-0062 00 03/29/83 8441 0033.760 MO LASER RECLAM 30.0 27.0 27.0 0.0 92-0063 00 03/29/83 8441 0033.760 MO TRIAL LASER R 20.0 17.0 17.0 0.0 92-9644 01 07/23/82 8441 0193.600 MO NOT VERIFIED 15.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 92-9906 01 12/20/82 8441 0193.600 MO PCT WORK 53.3 37.0 37.0 0.0 92-9986 00 02/11/83 8441 0033.760 EI RECLAMATION 50.0 50.0 50.0 0.0 [ BUDGET 0.0 ].....TOTALS..... 227.1 161.9 161.9 0.0 - GROUP = LABORELLO 81-5007 00 06/04/82 8441 0193.200 HE INFORMATION S 1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 81-5064 00 09/07/82 8441 0720.270 NI NOT VERIFIED 0.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 81-5065 00 06/29/82 8441 0560.100 TE LAB HARDWARE 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 81-8060 00 09/13/82 8441 0720.270 HE BLANK DISCS 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 81-8827 00 11/12/82 8441 0720.200 AP GRINDING WHEE 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 81-8833 00 11/15/82 8441 0853.200 HE THERMAL PAPER 0.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 81-8834 00 11/15/82 8441 0853.200 TE PRESSURE REGU 1.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 81-8894A00 12/21/82 8441 1292.200 GE NOT VERIFIED 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 81-8894B00 01/26/83 8441 1292.200 GE NOT VERIFIED 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 91-1411 00 01/27/83 8441 1292.200 BA O-RINGS 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 91-1418 00 02/01/83 8441 1292.200 CE JAM NUTS 0.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 91-1429 00 02/18/83 8441 1292.200 GE NOT VERIFIED 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 91-1433 00 02/22/83 8441 1292.200 SN NOT VERIFIED 0.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 91-1436 00 02/25/83 8441 1292.200 OA NOT VERIFIED 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 91-1437 00 02/25/83 8441 1292.200 CO NOT VERIFIED 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 91-1462 00 03/18/83 8441 1292.200 OM THERMOCOUPLE 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.0 91-1489 00 04/08/83 8441 1292.200 HE INTERFACE BOA 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.0 [ BUDGET 0.0 ]....TOTALS..... 5.8 0.6 0.6 0.0 --- GROUP = LNTALLERIC 91+3363 00 04/19/83 8441 0501.200 ME COLDWIRE FEED 50.0 50.0 50.0 0.0 91+3363 00 04/28/83 8441 0864.200 ME COLD WIRE FEE 25.0 25.0 25.0 0.0 [ BUDGET 0.0 ]....TOTALS..... 75.0 75.0 75.0 0.0

Figure 6. A portion of the data used to produce the bar graph of Figure 5.

\$REPORT

1 MONTHLY PLOT none.MON 2 BAR PLOT none.BAR 3 TABULAR OUTPUT none.TAB ENTER THE NUMBER OF THE ITEM YOU WISH TO CHANGE. (none INDICATES NO FILE WRITTEN) 2 ENTER A NAME TO REPLACE none IN FILE none.MON OR [ RETURN ] PLOT 1 MONTHLY PLOT none.MON 2 BAR PLOT PLOT.BAR 3 TABULAR OUTPUT none.TAB ENTER THE NUMBER OF THE ITEM YOU WISH TO CHANGE. (none INDICATES NO FILE WRITTEN) Specify 3 and replace 'none' to get a tabular output file. ENTER DIVISION NUMBER, GROUP, OR RETURN 8441 ENTER DIVISION NUMBER, GROUP, OR RETURN [ RETURN ] ENTER REQUESTERS FIRST AND SECOND INITIALS WITH SURNAME, OR GROUP, OR RETURN. GROUP Hit return on all other prompts. FILE PLOT.BAR WRITTEN FILE PLOT. TAB WRITTEN THAT WAS FUN!!! CAN WE DO IT AGAIN? Y/N N LAST BAR PLOT FILE PLOT.BAR LAST TABULAR FILE PLOT.TAB \$ Edit the PLOT.BAR file to replace negative numbers with zeros, remove inappropriate names with their respective SPENT, COMMITTED and BUDGET amounts and set the first budget number (division 8441 budget) to zero. \$TAG

Figure 7. Summarized procedure to obtain Figures 5 and 6.

.

#### PROGRAM ACCOUNT

Program 'ACCOUNT' reads and writes file ACCOUNT.LIS which contains the budget information and must be run when the budget changes, to update the file.

The program checks for errors on data input. A division must have four characters which are digits. A case number must be eight characters, seven of which must be digits, with the fifth character a period. A budget amount must be a non-negative number.

There are twelve fields that carry budget information for each account. These fields correspond to the months of the fiscal year with October as the first month. When there is a budget change during the fiscal year, the new budget amount is entered in the appropriate month and the program extends the new number into the months following. Thus, when a monthly plot is done, the budget line will reflect the changes that have occurred during the fiscal year.

To run 'ACCOUNT', use the command

#### \$ACCOUNT

Input File

ACCOUNT.LIS

Output File

ACCOUNT.LIS

#### OTHER PROGRAMS

#### I. Programs CHECK and INCHECK

'INCHECK' is run at login and displays the message 'PURCHASE FILE VERIFICATION ... ONE MOMENT PLEASE'. The program checks the length of the file PURCHASE.LIS against the number of records listed on the third line of PURCHASE.LIS, looks for reclassification errors, and makes sure that the purchase order numbers are in strict numerical order. Upon successful completion of the checks, a backup file [POGO.BACKUP] PURCHASE.BCK is written. If any errors are encountered, an error message is printed and the backup file is not written. If the PURCHASE.LIS file is in use by another user, the program says so, the error checks are not done, and the backup file not written.

'CHECK' is run at logout and is identical to 'INCHECK' except that 'CHECK' does not write a backup file and if an error is encountered, the user cannot logout until the error is corrected. The exception to this is system logout if the terminal has been unused for 20 minutes.

#### II. Programs POGO and MESSage

'POGO' writes the warning and bold characters at login. 'MESS' writes a special message if there is a MESSAGE.LIS file.

#### III. Program ERASER

'ERASER' is run at logout to clear the screen to facilitate terminal security. The screen is not cleared if the system automatically logs the user off after 20 minutes of no use.

# INTERPRETATION OF PURCHASE.LIS Stored as HOWREAD.LIS 3-AUG-83

SPECIAL CHARACTERS FOUND IN THE PO FIELD

There are special characters found in the third character of the purchase order number field.

- Normal character, purchase order found on SNLA data base.

- + Purchase Requisition in the SNLL data, not yet in SNLA (INPUT).
- ? Purchase Requisition found on the SNLA data base (STRIP).
- # Character indicating that the PO was paid off in a previous fiscal year or was reclassified by SNLA. (STRIP). The PO will be removed from PURCHASE.LIS by COSTING.
- & Indication that an SNLA PR disappeared from the data base without ever appearing as a PO (COSTING).
- / Indication that a PO was once found on the SNLA tape but has now disappeared, probably because it was paid off (COSTING). These records are automatically deleted if replaced by higher version numbers.

# SPECIAL CHARACTERS FOUND IN CASE NUMBER FIELD

There are special characters found in the fifth character of the Case Number field.

. Normal character.

Reclassification Symbols

- @ Indicates the case(s) and division(s) that SNLA believes the PO is charged to.
- ! Shows the SNLL reclassification intent. Indicates the case(s) and division(s) that SNLL wants the PO charged against.

Reclassification symbols are removed when SNLA agrees with SNLL.

SPECIAL CHARACTER FOUND IN THE ITEM DESCRIPTION FIELD

A '%' sign in the first character of the item description field indicates that the purchase order was found first on the SNLA tape before it was installed as SNLL data.

INSTRUCTIONS TO LOG PURCHASE ORDERS ONTO THE VAX (HOWINPUT.LIS 5/25/83) 1.0 LOG ON BREAK [ return ] Terminal power on enter classVAX2 [ return ] [ return ] USERNAME:user [ return ] PASSWORD: [ return ] CLASSIFICATION:U [ return ] ARE YOU ON A VT100?Y [ return ] \$ Dollar sign indicates ready 2.0 PO INPUT, PROMPT MODE (To add, change, reclassify(see 6.0) or delete PO's) \$INPUT [ return ] INPUT DATA FILE NAME OR [ P ] FOR PROMPT MODE P [ return ] 2.1 If the PO entered matches one in the data file, the PO will be displayed in the upper window and the user has the option of deleting or editing the PO. 2.2 A backup file can be written on PURCHASE. TMP after every PO entry. 3.0 PO INPUT, LINE MODE (To add many PO's) \$EDT [name].DAT [ return ] Create a data file with your name as the filename (Example: \$EDT PAUL.DAT) INPUT FILE DOES NOT EXIST (first time message from EDT) [EOB] Type in PO data in the correct format (See 4.0) [ CTRL Z ] **\*EXIT** [ return ] DRB1:[user]name.DAT;N M LINES \$INPUT [ return ] ENTER DATA FILE NAME OR [ P ] FOR PROMPT MODE name.DAT [ return ] FILE name.DAT CONTAINS 3 ERRORS (or how many errors were found) EDT name.DAT [ return ] Correct errors by editing the name.DAT file then re-running INPUT using name.DAT

.

# 4.0 FORMAT FOR DATA FILE USING LINE MODE (SEE SECTION 3.0)

- \*\*PO#..../MM/DD/YY/DIV./CASE#..../STAFF..../VEND./ITEM...../AMOUNT\*
  92-8116 06/23/82 8441 0720.270 PVANBLARIGA RF IRON FORGINGS 30000.
  OR- the following line would produce identical results in the file
  92-8116 00 6/23/82 8441 0720.270 Pv RF iron forgings 30000
- NOTE: Order and number of categories are important and the amount must be a number without commas. There must be at least one space or tab between categories. Acceptable separator between month, day and year is [ / ]. Leading zeros are not necessary in the month and day in line mode (they are required in PROMPT MODE).

The only fields that accept embedded blanks are the item and purchase order fields. In the purchase order field, a single blank is accepted between the seven character PO and its two digit change order number (synonym: version number).

The program converts all letters to upper case letters.

SHORT CUT: Type a single slash [ / ] for date, as shown, to automatically enter the date from the computer. 92-8116 / 8441 0720.270 Pv RF iron forgings 30000

5.0 SCREEN SPLIT IN PROMPT MODE (SEE SECTION 2.0)

THE SCREEN IS SPLIT INTO TWO WINDOWS

The UPPER window displays a PO in the current data base. To display other PO's, hit RETURN. To change the direction of the scroll, hit the  $\$  key and RETURN. A line of either +'s or -'s indicates scroll direction. A <BEEP> indicates top or bottom of list and change of scroll direction.

The LOWER window displays the commands being entered.

6.0 RECLASSIFICATION OF A PURCHASE ORDER (Prompt mode only)

Reclassification of purchases may only be done on those purchases that have appeared in the SNLA data tape (third character of po is not a plus (+) sign ). To reclassify, enter the purchase order number at the enter-a-PO prompt. The program will find the purchase and offer a choice of action. Respond by typing an 'R', then division, case and amount. If a purchase is being reclassified to more than one account, answer yes at 'DO YOU WISH TO ADD ANOTHER LINE?'.

Reclassification is only permanent if the account (case/division) is being changed. If only the amount is being changed, 'COSTING' will put the amount from the next month SNLA data into the PO and remove the reclassification status.

#### MONTHLY COSTING INSTRUCTIONS

Once a month, SNLA sends a 9 track ASCII, 1600 BPI data tape containing 499 character records (see Appendix B) of purchase orders. After receiving the data tape from SNLA, it must be named and entered into the VAX2 tape library against the user's account before the costing procedure is done.

The tape is named P mon, for example, P AUG. The month is the month to which the data applies. The tape received in September contains the August end-of-month data and, therefore, is named P AUG.

- I. Automated Method
- 1.0 After the SNLA data tape is in the VAX2 library, the costing procedure (steps 1.0 to 4.0 of Manual Method) is started with the following command (ref. Appendix C)

#### \$@MONTH

This command will require some minutes to execute and, when complete, will inform the user, via message on the screen, whether or not an X.INP file exists.

2.0 If there is an X.INP file, follow step 5.0 of II. Manual Method.

#### II. Manual Method

1.0 Begin by copying the SNLA data from tape to disc on the VAX2.

**\$ MOUNT/FOREIGN MF:** P mon TAPE

(Where 'P\_mon' is the name assigned to the tape and 'mon' are the first three letters of the month to which the data applies.)

\$ TAPECOPY TAPE function? REWIND function? SKIP how many records? 1 (this is the title block) function? READ enter output file SNLA.DAT length of records 499 default on everything else function? STOP

\$ DISMOUNT TAPE

2.0 After copying the data, run program 'STRIP' to write the file COSTING.DAT.

\$ STRIP

- \$ DELETE SNLA.DAT (optional to conserve file space)
- 3.0 The SNLA costing data is entered into file PURCHASE.LIS by program 'COSTING' run by the command

\$COSTING

\$

- 4.0 If 'COSTING' writes an X.INP file (indicated by a message on the screen at the end of the run), the purchases in the X.INP file are entered into PURCHASE.LIS by running 'INPUT' in line mode.
  - \$INPUT ENTER DATA FILE NAME OR [ P ] FOR PROMPT MODE. X.INP [ return ]

If there is no error message, simply repeat step 3.0.

- 5.0 If the X.INP error file is written from 'INPUT', edit the file, correct the errors, and re-run 'INPUT'. Repeat this step until there are no errors, then repeat step 3.0.
- 6.0 When the costing is completed, the data should be backed up on tape so that it can be recovered if the computer crashes (See Tape Backup Procedure).

PLOT INSTRUCTIONS (Stored as HOWPLOT.LIS on 5/25/83)

Plotting can be done on a VT100 Retro-Graphics or on a Tektronix terminal. Department total bar chart by division and monthly plot file for each division can be obtained quickly by use of the command '\$@PLOT' (see Appendix C) instead of step 1.0.

1.0 To produce a plot, you must run the REPORT program. \$ REPORT [ return ] There are two types of plots that can be produced. Specify name.BAR for bar graphs and/or name.MON for monthly plots.

2.0 Start the TELL-A-GRAPH program with a TAG command. \$TAG [return ] If TAG requests a device number, enter the appropriate response.

2.1 Enter the name of the file produced by REPORT.

EXAMPLES= SPECIFY FILES: name.BAR [ return ] -or-SPECIFY FILES: name.MON [ return ] -or-SPECIFY FILES: name.BAR (XEQ [ return ] -or-SPECIFY FILES: name.MON (XEQ [ return ]

2.2 If the (XEQ qualifier is used, TAG will plot on the screen and go to section 2.4. If the qualifier is not used, TAG will then request a command. Enter one of the following commands at the

GENERATE LEVEL.. ENTER: prompt.

GEN HIDDEN BAR. [ return ] -or-GEN MONTHLY PLOT. [ return ]

NOTE: ALL TAG commands MUST end with a period.

2.3 TAG will prepare a plot file and return for another command. Enter one of the following commands at the ENTER: prompt. GO. [ return ] (To plot on the device you are using.) -or-SEND. [ return ] (To plot film on the dicomed. See 2.6) (Program may take quite a long time to execute GO or SEND)

- 2.4 After viewing or copying the plot, type any key to clear the screen. If the (XEQ qualifier was used, the program will terminate. If the qualifier was not used, TAG will return you to step 2.2 above where you may specify plotting additional plots.
  - 2.4.1 To switch to a bar chart after plotting a monthly plot, at the prompt = GENERATE LEVEL..ENTER:, type DATA FILE "name.BAR". [ return ]
  - 2.4.2 To switch to a monthly plot after plotting a bar chart, at the prompt = GENERATE LEVEL..ENTER:, type DATA FILE "name.MON". [ return ]
- 2.5 If you are finished, at the prompt = GENERATE LEVEL..ENTER:, enter QUIT. [ return ] [ return ]
  - 2.5.1 VT100 Retro-Graphics: press [ SET-UP ], [ RESET (on the zero key) ] to get out of graphics mode.
  - 2.5.2 Tektronix terminals: press page to clear the screen.

2.6 To obtain report quality graphs, execute 2.3 [ SEND ], then exit the 'TAG' program as described in 2.5 then enter the command \$DICOMED METAFIL. [ return ]

To preview the metafile,enter PVIEW command. \$PVIEW enter device number 1 [ return ] (even on a VT100) enter metafile name METAFIL [ return ] (no period) (Use [ SPACE BAR ] [ return ] to view each plot; use END [ return ] to terminate.

Pick up film at the I/O desk, then take the film to drawing reproduction to obtain report quality plots.

3.0 If, on the VT100 Retro-Graphics, the plot is scribbley, do the
following;
\$GRAPH [ return ]
fx
At the [ fx ] press [ SET-UP ] then [ SET-UP A/B ] (the 5 key)
Next press the [ TRANSMIT SPEED ](7 key) and
[ RECEIVE SPEED ](8 key) to change the transmit and receive
speeds to 4800. Finally press [ SET-UP ] then go to 2.0.

#### 5.0 LIST INSTRUCTIONS (Stored as HOWLIST.LIS on 5/25/83)

To produce a list, you must run the REPORT program. \$ REPORT [ return ]

To produce a listing on the Diablo or the line printer, you must specify a tabular file name [ name.TAB ] at the beginning of the REPORT program.

5.1 DIABLO PRINTING (if your terminal has a diablo assigned to it)
 \$REP [ return ]
 Follow directions of the program. Typically, just use default
 values by hitting [ return ] when appropriate.

#### 5.2 LINE PRINTING

\$PRINT name.TAB [ return ]
(Line printer output is delivered to an assigned box in the
computer room.)
It is important to backup the files in the POGO system to tape. This should be done after every group of major changes but certainly not less than once a month. The best time to do a backup is just before running the monthly 'COSTING'. The following procedure assumes that the user

has obtained two permanent tape assignments from the computer center and has changed the command files as described in the 'SET-UP INSTRUCTIONS'.

I. Writing a Backup Tape

Command files have been prepared to do the backups so the procedure is relatively easy. Use the following commands:

\$D SOURCE \$EDT DIARY.LIS

Go to the end of the diary and see which tape was used for the last backup. There are two tapes, S and B. Select the one which was not used in the last backup and write a message on the diary indicating which tape you are using for backup.

Use one of the following two commands for your backup, depending on which tape you are using for backup:

\$@SAVES - OR -\$@SAVEB

When the backup is finished (which will take quite a long time depending on how fast the operator gets your tape mounted), return to the main directory using the following command:

\$D

II. Recovering Data From a Backup Tape

If you do not know which is the latest backup tape, it will be necessary to load and read the directory on both tapes to find out which is the newest. The best files to look at are the [POGO.SOURCE]DIARY.LIS or [POGO.LEDGER]PURCHASE.LIS.

TO LOOK AT THE TAPE DIRECTORY USE THE FOLLOWING COMMANDS:

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TO WRITE ALL OF THE FILES FROM A BACKUP TAPE INTO THE DIRECTORY USE:

\$D SOURCE \$@GETS -OR- \$@GETB

TO GET ALL VERSIONS OF SPECIFIC FILES FROM A BACKUP TAPE USE:

\$D SOURCE \$@TDIRS \_OR\_ \$@TDIRB \$COPY TAPE:file\_name;\* [POGO.dir]\* EXAMPLE:COPY TAPE:PURCHASE.LIS;\* [POGO.LEDGER]\* \$@DISMOUNT

## SET-UP INSTRUCTIONS

These instructions indicate how the POGO system can be set up in your file space to operate with your organization. First you must have file space assigned to you on VAX2 (or you may transfer the programs to another VAX with tape commands instead of step 2). The instructions below assume that you can set up on VAX2. You must have a directory space that is at least 10,000 blocks and you should substitute your username in all of the following steps.

I. Create Subdirectories

Create the following sub-directories in your directory space using CREATE/DIR commands.

CREATE/DIR [username.SOURCE] CREATE/DIR [username.BACKUP] CREATE/DIR [username.LEDGER]

It is not necessary that you use these sub-directories but this procedure assumes these directories. You may use your own choices of where to place files by proper changes in step 6 and step 9.

II. Copy Files

Copy all files and directories over into your file space with the following commands.

\$COPY [POGO]\*.\*;\* [username]\*
\$COPY [POGO.SOURCE]\*.\*;\* [username.SOURCE]\*

III. Delete and Purge Files Unique to 8440

Delete and purge files with the following commands.

\$DELETE [username]\*.dat;\*
\$DELETE [username]\*.err;\*
\$DELETE [username]X\*.\*;\*
\$DELETE [username]\*.MON;\*
\$DELETE [username]\*.BAR;\*
\$DELETE [username]\*.TAB;\*
\$DELETE [username.SOURCE]\*.LIS;\*
\$PURGE/KEEP=1
\$PURGE/KEEP=1 [username.SOURCE]

The above procedure may not have eliminated all of the files unique to 8440. You may safely delete any that you find. IV. Set LOGIN.COM and LOGOUT.COM Files

Use 'EDT' to edit the files \$EDT LOGIN.COM

change \$@[POGO.SOURCE]ALOGIN.COM
 to \$@[username.SOURCE]ALOGIN.COM

Repeat the edit procedure for the LOGOUT.COM file.

V. Set Up ALOGIN.COM File

Move to SOURCE sub-directory with the following command. \$D SOURCE

Load into 'EDT' the login co5i

delete \$ASSIGN [POGO.DOC] MY\$DICT:

change \$RUN [POGO.SOURCE]INCHECK
to \$RUN [username.SOURCE]INCHECK

- change \$PURGE/KEEP=1 [POGO.BACKUP]
  to \$PURGE/KEEP=1 [username.BACKUP]
- change \$INPUT:==RUN [POGO.SOURCE]INPUT
  to \$INPUT:==RUN [username.SOURCE]INPUT
- change \$STRIP:==RUN [POGO.SOURCE]STRIP to \$STRIP:==RUN [username.SOURCE]STRIP
- change \$COSTING:==RUN [POGO.SOURCE]COSTING
   to \$COSTING:==RUN [username.SOURCE]COSTING
- change \$ACCOUNT:==RUN [POGO.SOURCE]ACCOUNT
  to \$ACCOUNT:==RUN [username.SOURCE]ACCOUNT
- change \$REPORT:==RUN [POGO.SOURCE]REPORT
  to \$REPORT:==RUN [username.SOURCE]REPORT
- change \$RUN [POGO.SOURCE]MESS
  to \$RUN [username.SOURCE]MESS

VI. Set Up ALOGOUT.COM File

Load into 'EDT' the logout commands with the following command.

\$EDT ALOGOUT.COM

Change all occurrences of [POGO] to [username].

EXAMPLE: change \$RUN [POGO.SOURCE]CHECK to \$RUN [username.SOURCE]CHECK

VII. Set Up Command Files

Edit the [username.SOURCE]FILE.COM file using 'EDT' to change [POGO] to [username] in every line of that file.

\$D SOURCE
\$EDT FILE.COM

EXAMPLE: change \$ASSIGN [POGO.LEDGER]PURCHASE.LIS F10 to \$ASSIGN [username.LEDGER]PURCHASE.LIS F10

Edit all [username]any.COM files in the same way.

VIII. Backup Tapes

The following command files on the SOURCE sub-directory make and read backup tapes. Obtain your own backup tape assignments from the computer center and substitute your tape numbers into these command files using 'EDT'. The numbers that must be changed are "V240" and "V241".

GETS.COM;\* SAVES.COM;\* TDIRS.COM;\* GETB.COM;\* SAVEB.COM;\* TDIRB.COM;\*

Return to the main directory and exercise the login command file with the following commands to initialize the tape assignments.

\$D \$@LOGIN

### IX. Open ROSTER.LIS File

Make sure that you are in the main directory with the command

\$D

Use 'EDT' to create a roster file. Enter first and second intial(s) (if there is a second initial) WITHOUT periods or blanks and the surname with only one name per line. Do not enter the same name twice.

\$EDT ROSTER.LIS

X. Open ACCOUNT.LIS File

Run the 'ACCOUNT' program to create the accounts file. To properly initialize the file, a list of budget numbers by case and division is required.

### \$ACCOUNT

The programs are now set up to enter data using the 'INPUT' program using either the prompt mode or line mode.

XI. Arrange For Data Transfer From SNLA to SNLL

Division 2625, Financial Systems Division in Albuquerque, will cull data for the user from the main data base from the UNIVAC computer upon user request. Be sure to specify sort on charging organization only.

Section 2632-5, Production Control Section in Albuquerque, may also need a request to have the data written onto a tape then mailed to the user.

#### XII. Notes

This documentation is stored on UD0:[POGO.DOC]\*.DOC. For documentation customized to your department, you may copy the '\*.DOC' files into your directory then edit the copy, changing POGO to 'your name' (except where POGO means program 'POGO', in SET-UP INSTRUCTIONS, and FILE NAME ASSIGNMENTS in Appendix A).

When you implement POGO in your department, please send a mail message to user POGO on VAX2 so that your department can be kept informed of any changes in the system.

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I. Information Files

[POGO]HOWINPUT.LIS	INSTRUCTIONS FOR 'INPUT' PROGRAM. ('TYPE HOWINPUT.LIS' TO SEE).
[POGO]HOWREAD.LIS	INSTRUCTIONS FOR INTERPRETING THE SPECIAL CHARACTERS IN THE PURCHASE.LIS FILE.
[POGO]HOWLIST.LIS	INSTRUCTIONS FOR LISTING DATA WITH 'REPORT' PROGRAM.
[POGO]HOWPLOT.LIS	INSTRUCTIONS FOR PLOTTING DATA WITH 'REPORT' PROGRAM.
[POGO]HOWSTRIP.LIS	INSTRUCTIONS FOR PROCESSING DATA FROM SNLA DATA BASE USING

[POGO]HOWCOST.LIS

[POGO]DIR.LIS

[POGO.SOURCE]DIARY.LIS

[POGO.SOURCE]MESSAGE.LIS

II. Backup Data Files

[POGO.BACKUP]PURCHASE.BCK	BACKUP FILE OF PURCHASE.LIS PRODUCED BY PROGRAM 'INCHECK'.
[POGO.BACKUP]Pfy.ARC	ARCHIVE FILE OF PURCHASE.LIS PRODUCED BY PROGRAM 'COSTING' AT NEW FISCAL YEAR.
[POGO.BACKUP]Afy.ARC	ARCHIVE FILE OF ACCOUNT.LIS PRODUCED BY PROGRAM 'COSTING' AT NEW FISCAL YEAR.
[POGO.BACKUP]Rfy.ARC	ARCHIVE FILE OF ROSTER.LIS

ARCHIVE FILE OF ROSTER.LIS PRODUCED BY PROGRAM 'COSTING' AT NEW FISCAL YEAR.

THE 'STRIP' PROGRAM.

SPECIAL MESSAGE AT LOGIN.

THIS LIST OF FILES.

CHANGES.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COSTING PROCEDURE.

DIARY OF BACKUP TAPES AND PROGRAM

## III. Program Files

[POGO.SOURCE]INPUT.FOR	DATA INPUT PROGRAM.
[POGO.SOURCE]REPORT.FOR	LISTING AND PLOTTING PROGRAM.
[POGO.SOURCE]COSTING.FOR	COSTING PROGRAM.
[POGO.SOURCE]ACCOUNT.FOR	ACCOUNT PROGRAM.
[POGO.SOURCE]STRIP.FOR	EDIT SNLA DATA BASE FILE.
[POGO.SOURCE]INCHECK.FOR	CHECKS PURCHASE.LIS AT LOGIN.
[POGO.SOURCE]CHECK.FOR	CHECKS PURCHASE.LIS AT LOGOUT.
[POGO.SOURCE]ERASER.EXE	ERASES SCREEN AT LOGOUT.
[POGO.SOURCE]POGO.FOR	WRITES FIXED LOGIN COMMENTS.
[POGO.SOURCE]MESS.FOR	WRITES SPECIAL MESSAGE AT LOGIN.

IV. Working Data Files

[POGO]filename.DAT;n

[POGO]SNLA.DAT

[POGO]COSTING.DAT

[POGO]PURCHASE.TMP

[POGO]filename.DAT;n+1

[POGO.LEDGER]X.COS

[POGO.LEDGER]X.INP

- USER NAMED FILE FOR DATA INPUT WHERE 'filename' IS ANY NAME.
- FILE CREATED BY PROGRAM 'TAPECOPY' THAT HAS DATA COPIED VERBATIM FROM THE SNLA DATA TAPE.
- FILE CREATED BY PROGRAM 'STRIP' THAT HAS DATA STRIPPED AND REFORMATTED FROM THE SNLA.DAT.
- INTERIM FILE CREATED BY USER DURING A RUN OF PROGRAM 'INPUT'
- ERROR FILE WRITTEN FROM PROGRAM 'INPUT' (USER NAMED FILE.)
- FILE CREATED BY PROGRAM 'COSTING'. LISTS RECORDS IN PURCHASE.LIS THAT ARE NOT IN COSTING.DAT.
- FILE CREATED BY PROGRAM 'COSTING'. LISTS RECORDS IN COSTING.DAT THAT ARE NOT IN PURCHASE.LIS.

[POGO]name.BAR

[POGO]name.MON

[POGO]name.TAB

[POGO.SOURCE]MESSAGE.LIS

V. Permanent Data Files

[POGO.LEDGER]PURCHASE.LIS

[POGO]ROSTER.LIS

[POGO.LEDGER]ACCOUNT.LIS

VI. Command Files

[POGO]LOGIN.COM

[POGO.SOURCE]ALOGIN.COM

[POGO.SOURCE]FILE.COM

[POGO]LOGOUT.COM

[POGO.SOURCE]ALOGOUT.COM

[POGO.SOURCE]SAVES.COM

[POGO.SOURCE]SAVEB.COM

[POGO.SOURCE]GETS.COM

[POGO.SOURCE]GETB.COM

[POGO.SOURCE]TDIRS.COM

BAR GRAPH FILE USED BY TELL-A-GRAF.

MONTHLY PLOT FILE USED BY TELL-A-GRAF.

TABULAR LISTING.

SPECIAL MESSAGE FILE.

MAIN DATA BASE.

STAFF ROSTER.

ACCOUNTS BY DIVISION AND CASE WITH BUDGET AMOUNTS.

CALLS [POGO.SOURCE]ALOGIN.COM.

CALLS 'INCHECK' PROGRAM, DOES LOGIN COMMANDS AND THEN CALLS [POGO.SOURCE]FILE.COM.

ASSIGNS FILE NAMES.

CALLS [POGO.SOURCE]ALOGOUT.COM.

CALLS 'CHECK' PROGRAM AND ERASES SCREEN.

WRITES A BACKUP TAPE OF ALL FILES ON TAPE V241.

WRITES A BACKUP TAPE OF ALL FILES ON TAPE V242.

READS A BACKUP TAPE OF ALL FILES FROM TAPE V241.

- READS A BACKUP TAPE OF ALL FILES FROM TAPE V242.
- MOUNTS TAPE V241 AND LISTS FILES. DOES NOT DISMOUNT.

[POGO.SOURCE]TDIRB.COM

MOUNTS TAPE V242 AND LISTS FILES. DOES NOT DISMOUNT.

[POGO.SOURCE]DISMOUNT.COM

[POGO]MONTH.COM

[POGO]PLOT.COM

DISMOUNTS AND DEALLOCATES TAPE.

PERFORMS MONTHLY COSTING.

PREPARES PLOT FILES BY DIVISION.

FILE NAME ASSIGNMENTS (FROM [POGO.SOURCE]FILE.COM)

\$ASSIGN [POGO.LEDGER]PURCHASE.LIS F10 \$ASSIGN [POGO.LEDGER]PURCHASE.LIS F20 \$ASSIGN [POGO]PURCHASE.TMP F21 \$ASSIGN [POGO.BACKUP]PURCHASE.BCK F12 \$ASSIGN [POGO.BACKUP]PURCHASE.BCK F22 \$ASSIGN [POGO]COSTING.DAT F14 \$ASSIGN [POGO]COSTING.DAT F24 \$ASSIGN [POGO.LEDGER]ACCOUNT.LIS F13 \$ASSIGN [POGO.LEDGER]ACCOUNT.LIS F23 \$ASSIGN [POGO]ROSTER.LIS F15 \$ASSIGN [POGO]SNLA.DAT F16 \$ASSIGN [POGO]SNLA.DAT F26 \$ASSIGN [POGO]ACCOUNT.ERR F33 \$ASSIGN [POGO.BACKUP]P83.ARC P83 \$ASSIGN [POGO.BACKUP]A83.ARC A83 \$ASSIGN [POGO.BACKUP]R83.ARC R83 \$ASSIGN [POGO.BACKUP]P84.ARC P84 \$ASSIGN [POGO.BACKUP]A84.ARC A84 \$ASSIGN [POGO.BACKUP]R84.ARC R84 \$ASSIGN [POGO.BACKUP]P85.ARC P85 \$ASSIGN [POGO.BACKUP]A85.ARC A85 \$ASSIGN [POGO.BACKUP]R85.ARC R85 \$ASSIGN [POGO.BACKUP]P86.ARC P86 \$ASSIGN [POGO.BACKUP]A86.ARC A86 \$ASSIGN [POGO.BACKUP]R86.ARC R86 \$ASSIGN [POGO.BACKUP]P87.ARC P87 \$ASSIGN [POGO.BACKUP]A87.ARC A87 \$ASSIGN [POGO.BACKUP]R87.ARC R87 \$ASSIGN [POGO.BACKUP]P88.ARC P88 \$ASSIGN [POGO.BACKUP]A88.ARC A88 \$ASSIGN [POGO.BACKUP]R88.ARC R88 \$ASSIGN [POGO.SOURCE]MESSAGE.LIS F1 \$ASSIGN [POGO]X.INP F2 \$ASSIGN [POGO]X.COS F3

# FILE FORMATS FOR THE POGO SYSTEM

FILES: [POGO.LEDGER]PURCHASE.LIS [POGO]PURCHASE.TMP [POGO.BACKUP]PURCHASE.BCK [POGO.BACKUP]Pfy.ARC (created by 'COSTING' for archive)

> CREATED BY: PROGRAM 'INPUT' OR PROGRAM 'COSTING' USED BY: 'INPUT', 'COSTING', 'REPORT', 'CHECK', 'INCHECK'

NOTE: All programs using PURCHASE.LIS for input check the length (RECORD 3) against the number of records, and check to verify the file is in order by PO number after file OPEN.

### RECORD CONTENTS

1	***	DATE	UPDATED	=	dd-mmm-yy	FΥ	83		
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\*\*\* DATE COSTED = dd-mmm-yy - - COSTING PROGRAM RUN ON:dd-mmm-yy 2

\*\*\* # OF RECORDS = nnnn 3

RECORD	FIELD/LINE	CHARS.	CONTENTS
4 to nnnn+3	1/1 2/1 3/1 4/1 5/1 6/1 7/1	12–17 19–22 24–31 33–42 44–48	PO/PR NUMBER DATE ORGANIZATION CASE NUMBER NAME OF REQUESTER VENDOR DESCRIPTION
	1/2 2/2 3/2 4/2 5/2 6/2 7/2 8/2	10-18 19-27 28-36 37-45 46-54 55-63	AMOUNT REMAINING BALANCE TO BE PAID THIS FY TO BE PAID SUBSEQUENT FY'S OCTOBER-PAID NOVEMBER-PAID DECEMBER-PAID JANUARY-PAID
	1/3 2/3 3/3 4/3 5/3 6/3 7/3 8/3	10-18 19-27 28-36 37-45 46-54 55-63	FEBRUARY-PAID MARCH-PAID APRIL-PAID MAY-PAID JUNE-PAID JULY-PAID AUGUST-PAID SEPTEMBER-PAID

# FILES: ALBUQUERQUE DATA BASE [POGO]SNLA.DAT

CREATED BY: SNLA FINANCIAL PROGRAMMING DIVISION USED BY: 'STRIP' (SNLA.DAT ONLY) FIRST RECORD: ID (SKIPPED BY 'TAPECOPY' BEFORE 'STRIP') SNLA.DAT DOES NOT HAVE THIS ID RECORD

# SUBSEQUENT RECORDS: 499 CHARACTER RECORDS WITH FOLLOWING FORMAT)

CHAR/LNG	DESCRIPTION	FIELDS USED BY 'STRIP'
1/2	POPR-WCLS	
3/7	POPR-CAS.	CASE NUMBER
10/7	POPR-JO.	
17/7	POPR-SO.	
24/1	POPR-ORCODE	PO/PR FLAG
25/5	POPR-PONUM	PO NUMBER
32/2	POPR-CHGNM	PO NUMBER-CHANGE NUMBER
34/4	POPR-CHORG.	CHARGING ORGANIZATION
38/4	POPR-CSMGR	
42/4	POPR-SCSMGR	
46/4	POPR-JOBMGR	
50/4	POPR-SVCORDMGR	
54/4	POPR-JREQORG	
58/4	POPR-SREQORG	
62/30	POPR-CASNAM	
92/30	POPR-SCASNAM	DESCRIPTION
122/30	POPR-SSCASNAM	
152/20	POPR-JOBNAM	
172/20	POPR-SVCNAM	
192/7	POPR-CAP-CAS	
199/1	POPR-CAP-FLAG	
200/18	POPR-CASMGRNAM	
218/18	POPR-SCASMGRNM	
236/3	POPR-CONSL	REQUESTER INITIALS
238/23	POPR-DES	
262/6	POPR-SUPPC	
268/24	POPR-SUPPNAM	VENDOR NAME
292/3	POPR-BUYER	
295/7	POPR-STATC.	
302/6	POPR-DDATE	DATE
308/4	POPR-EDATE	
312/1	POPR-SUPP-TYPE	
313/6	POPR-POAMT	PURCHASE ORDER AMOUNT
319/6	POPR-OBLFD	
325/6	POPR-PDCURMO	
331/6	POPR-PDCURFY	PAID CURRENT FY
337/6	POPR-ACCR	ACCRUAL
343/6	POPR-PDPRFY	PAID PRIOR FISCAL YEAR
349/6	POPR-REMBAL	REMAINING BALANCE

355/6	POPR-DISCT	
361/6	POPR-CURF YF	CURRENT FY FORECAST
367/6	POPR-CURMOF	
373/6	POPR-2MOFCS	
379/6	POPR-3MOFCS	
385/6	POPR-4MOFCS	
391/6	POPR-5MOFCS	×
397/6	POPR-6MOFCS	
403/6	POPR-NXTFYF	NEXT FY FORECAST
409/6	POPR-SUBFYF	SUBSEQUENT FY FORECAST

FILES: [POGO]name.BAR [POGO]name.MON

> CREATED BY: PROGRAM 'REPORT' (can be edited with 'EDT') USED BY: 'TELL-A-GRAF' [ 'TAG' ]

BAR AND MONTHLY PLOT FILES IN 'TAG' FORMAT.

FILES: [POGO]name.TAB

CREATED BY: PROGRAM 'REPORT' USED BY: USER FOR 'TYPE', 'PRINT', OR OTHER LISTING.

PURCHASE.LIS DATA LISTING IN VARIABLE FORMAT DEPENDING ON THE TYPE OF REPORT GENERATED.

FILES: [POGO.SOURCE]MESSAGE.LIS

CREATED BY: 'EDT' USED BY: 'MESS.FOR'

SPECIAL MESSAGE PRINTED AT LOGIN.

FILES: [POGO.LEDGER]COSTING.DAT [POGO]X.COS

> CREATED BY: PROGRAM 'STRIP' USED BY: 'COSTING'

RECORD CONTENTS

1 dd-mmm-yy {RECORD 1 IS THE DATE THAT THE STRIP PROGRAM WAS RUN} \*\*

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RECORD	FIELD/LINE	CHARS.	CONTENTS
2 to end	1/1 2/1 3/1 4/1 5/1 6/1 7/1 8/1 1/2 2/2 3/2	26-33 35-37 39-43 45-64 66-72 7-13 14-20	PO/PR NUMBER DATE ORGANIZATION CASE NUMBER STAFF NAME VENDOR DESCRIPTION AMOUNT PAID CURRENT FY + ACCRUAL REMAINING BALANCE FORECAST TO BE PAID THIS FY
	4/2	28 <b>-</b> 34F	ORECAST TO BE PAID SUBSEQUENT FY'S

FILES: [POGO.LEDGER]ACCOUNT.LIS (BUDGET NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

[POGO.BACKUP]Afy.ARC (created by 'COSTING' for archive)

CREATED BY: PROGRAM 'ACCOUNT' USED BY: 'INPUT', 'STRIP', 'REPORT', 'COSTING'

RECORD	FIELD/LINE	CHARS.	CONTENTS
ALL	1/1	4	DIVISION
	2/1	8	CASE
	1/2	6	SEPTEMBER BUDGET
	2/2	6	OCTOBER BUDGET
	3/2	6	NOVEMBER BUDGET
	4/2	6	DECEMBER BUDGET
	5/2	6	JANUARY BUDGET
	6/2	6	FEBRUARY BUDGET
	7/2	6	MARCH BUDGET
	8/2	6	APRIL BUDGET
	9/2	6	MAY BUDGET
	10/2	6	JUNE BUDGET
	11/2	6	JULY BUDGET

FILES: [POGO]name.DAT

CREATED BY: USER WITH 'EDT' USED BY: 'INPUT' NOTE: FREE FIELD WITH BLANKS BETWEEN FIELDS

RECORD	FIELD/LINE	CONTENTS
1 to n	1/1	PO/PR NUMBER (nn-nnnn nn) OR (nn-nnnnLnn) OR (nn-nnnn)
	2/1	DATE (mm/dd/yy)
	3/1	ORGANIZATION (nnnn)
	4/1	CASE NUMBER (nnnn.nnn)
	5/1	NAME OF REQUESTER (initial(s) plus surname)
	6/1	VENDOR (5 characters, no blanks)
	7/1	DESCRIPTION (25 characters)
	8/1	AMOUNT (dollars, no commas)

FILES: [POGO]name.DAT [POGO]X.INP

> CREATED BY: PROGRAM 'INPUT' -or- PROGRAM 'COSTING' USED BY: 'INPUT','EDT' NOTE: FREE FIELD WITH BLANKS BETWEEN FIELDS

RECORD FIELD/LINE CONTENTS

1 to n	1/1 2/1	*** (BEGINS WITH THREE ASTERISKS) DESCRIPTION OF ERROR FOUND IN NEXT LINE
	1/2	PO/PR NUMBER (nn-nnnn nn) OR (nn-nnnnLnn) OR (nn-nnnn)
	2/2	DATE (mm/dd/yy)
	3/2	ORGANIZATION (nnnn)
	4/2	CASE NUMBER (nnnn.nnn)
	5/2	NAME OF REQUESTER (initial(s) plus surname)
	6/2	VENDOR (5 characters, no blanks)
	7/2	DESCRIPTION (25 characters)
	8/2	AMOUNT (dollars, no commas)

FILES: [POGO]ROSTER.LIS [POGO.BACKUP]Rfy.ARC (created by 'COSTING' for archive) CREATED BY: USER WITH 'EDT' USED BY: 'INPUT', 'REPORT', 'COSTING' NOTE: One name per line. RECORD FIELD/LINE CHARS. CONTENTS MOST 1/MOST VARIABLE, CONSULTANT NAME, FIRST AND 10 MAX. SECOND (if applicable) INITIAL(S) AND SURNAME. NO BLANKS, PERIODS. OR APOSTROPHES. (EXAMPLE: PWZIMMERMAN) SOME 1/SOME 4 [ OPTIONAL ] DIVISION NUMBERS CAN BE USED TO BREAK UP THE LIST. THEY ARE IGNORED BY THE PROGRAMS.

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## I. Command File For Monthly Costing Procedure

For successful tapecopy, there must be an SNLA data tape in the computer center with the same name as specified in the MOUNT/FOREIGN command (i.e. P mon). If you do not know the month to replace 'mon' with, type the command file and look at the name contained in it with the command

### **\$TYPE MONTH.COM**

Program 'STRIP' writes a new MONTH.COM file each time it is run, and writes the first three letters of the month in which it was run into the tape name in the MOUNT command.

The following commands, necessary to copy an SNLA tape, run program 'STRIP', run program 'COSTING', and if an X.INP file is written from 'COSTING', run program 'INPUT' one time, are contained in the command file MONTH.COM and can be excercised with the following single command,

\$@MONTH

# Listing of File MONTH.COM

\$DELETE SNLA.DAT;\*,COSTING.DAT;\*,X.\*:\* \$OPEN/ERROR=OPEN ERROR POGO [POGO.LEDGER]PURCHASE.LIS \$MOUNT/FOREIGN MF: P mon TAPE **\$TAPECOPY** TAPE REWIND SKIP 1 READ SNLA.DAT 499

(These three blank lines represent [ return ])

STOP \$DISMOUNT TAPE \$STRIP \$DELETE SNLA.DAT:\* \$CLOSE POGO \$COSTING \$INPUT X.INP \$D \$EXIT **\$OPEN ERROR:** \$WRITE SYS\$OUTPUT "PURCHASE.LIS NOT AVALIABLE; PROCEDURE ABORTED"

## II. Command File to Obtain Plots by Division

This file contains the command to run 'REPORT' and properly answer the prompts to obtain files for a bar plot of spending by division, and a monthly plot of spending for each division. The user may desire other plots and can use this file as a model to build his own file for them.

The command procedure is excercised by the single command,

### \$@PLOT

Listing of File PLOT.COM

\$REPORT

1 D8440 2

\_\_\_\_\_ D8440

This, and the following blank lines represent [ return ].

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Y GROUP

# CASE AND SUBCASE MANAGING

The POGO system is set up to handle purchase accounting by charging organization. It can, theoretically, be altered to handle case and subcase D.C. purchases as well, but has not been tested. To do this, requires at least three steps, (1) obtain SNLA data sorted on case and/or subcase manager organization instead of charging organization, (2) put the proper accounts into the account file, and the correct personnel into the roster file and, (3) go into STRIP.FOR with the editor and after line

500 FORMAT

add the line ORG2=LINE (38:41)

then after line 550, change the IF statement from IF(ORG.EQ.DIVGOOD(I))GO TO 560

to

IF(ORG2.EQ.DIVGOOD(I))GO TO 560 (Case Manager)

or

IF(ORG3.EQ.DIVGOOD(I))GO TO 560 (Subcase Manager).

There may be other changes required.

73/74

R. S. Claassen, 8000; Attn: D. M. Olson, 8100 A. N. Blackwell, 8200 D. L. Hartley, 8300 R. C. Wayne, 8110 W. E. Alzheimer, 8150 D. E. Gregson, 8160 J. H. Cordial, 8161-1 P. G. Dominguez, 8161-1 B. I. Matter, 8161-1 P. L. Mattern, 8350 C. W. Robinson, 8360 L. Gutierrez, 8400 R. A. Baroody, 8410 A. G. Schuknecht, 8420 D. E. Clay, 8423 W. W. Hollis, 8423 V. A. Common, 8440 H. Hanser, 8440 A. J. West, 8441 P. A. Fleming, 8442 W. R. Hoover, 8442 P. D. Gildea, 8443 B. J. Goodman, 8443 C. T. Schafer, 8443 (25) M. G. Delgado, 8444 A. R. Willis, 8444 E. T. Cu11, 8445 J. B. Wright, 8450 P. W. Zimmerman, 8453 (10) J. F. Barham, 8460 Publications Division, 8265/Technical Library Processes Division, 3141 Technical Library Processes Division, 3141 (3) M. A. Pound, 8214 for Central Technical Files (3) Publications Division, 8265, for TIC (27)

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Sandia National Laboratories